Printe	ed Pa	ge:- 04 Subject Code:- ACSBS0305 Roll. No:
NO	OIDA 1	INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA (An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow) B.Tech SEM: III - THEORY EXAMINATION (2023 - 2024)
771		Subject: Financial Management
	e: 3 F	Hours Max. Marks: 100 structions:
IMP: 1. This Quest 2. Mas	Verify s Que, ions (I ximun	y that you have received the question paper with the correct course, code, branch etc. stion paper comprises of three Sections -A, B, & C. It consists of Multiple Choice MCQ's) & Subjective type questions. In marks for each question are indicated on right -hand side of each question. In your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
		uitable data if necessary.
		ly, write the answers in sequential order.
		should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be hecked.
SECT	ION-	· <u>A</u> 20
1. Atte	empt a	all parts:-
1-a.	M	Iain objective of financial management is (CO1)
	(a)	Maximisation of profit
	(b)	Maximisation of shareholder's wealth
	(c)	Ensuring financial discipline in the firm
	(d)	All of these
1-b.		he concept of "Risk-Return Tradeoff" in financial management is 1 CO1)
	(a)	The idea that higher risk is always associated with higher returns
	(b)	The idea that lower risk is always associated with higher returns
	(c)	The idea that risk and return are not related
	(d)	The idea that risk and return are inversely related
1-c.	E	quity share is a financial instrument. (CO2)
	(a)	Long term
	(b)	Short term
	(c)	Mid term
	(d)	None of the above
1-d.	T	he rate of interest payable on a bond is also called: (CO2)
	(a)	Effective rate of interest
	(b)	YTM

	(c)	Coupon rate				
	(d)	IRR				
1-e.	– cl	shows the extent to which operating profits change as sales volume hanges. (C03)	1			
	(a)	Operating leverage				
	(b)	Financial leverage				
	(c)	Non operating leverage				
	(d)	None of the above				
1-f.	Financial leverage arises because of :(CO3)					
	(a)	interest cost				
	(b)	variable cost				
	(c)	fixed cost of production				
	(d)	none of these				
1-g.		ayback period method is incomplete and unscientific, as it does not consider post ayback profitability. (CO4)	1			
	(a)	TRUE				
	(b)	FALSE				
1-h.		Which method of capital budgeting assumes that the cash flows are reinvested at roject's rate of return?(CO4)	1			
	(a)	Terminal value NPV IRR				
	(b)	NPV				
	(c)	IRR				
	(d)	ARR				
1-i.	D	Deferral period refers to the credit period allowed by :(CO5)				
	(a)	Shareholders				
	(b)	Bank holders				
	(c)	Creditors				
	(d)	Debtors				
1-j.		Other things remaining constant, if the debtors increases as compared to last year it means –(CO5)				
	(a)	Company has poor credit policy				
	(b)	Company has positive working capital				
	(c)	Company has negative working capital				
	(d)	Company has no working capital				
2. Att	empt	all parts:-				
2.a.	G	ive formula of operating leverage and define each term.(CO1)	2			
2.b.	D	oifferentiate between debenture and shares. (CO2)	2			
2.c.	V	Vrite any two advantages of cost of capital. (CO3)	2			

2.d.	Tell about hard core working capital.(CO4)	2
2.e.	Define creditors and debtors.(CO5)	2
SECTIO	<u>ON-B</u>	30
3. Answ	er any <u>five</u> of the following:-	
3-a.	Explain in detail the functions of financial manager.(CO1)	6
3-b.	State the profit maximization rule in detail. (CO1)	6
3-c.	Explain systematic risk. Give three examples.(CO2)	6
3-d.	Distinguish between savings and investment with suitable examples.(CO2)	6
3.e.	Describe the Internal Rate of Return method of capital budgeting. (CO3)	6
3.f.	Explain the receipt and payment concepts of cash budget.(CO4)	6
3.g.	Explain the tools which help for inventory control in a firm.(CO5)	6
SECTIO	<u>DN-C</u>	50
4. Answ	er any one of the following:-	
4-a.	Differentiate between wealth maximization and profit maximization.(CO1)	10
4-b.	Mr. Singhania has taken a home-loan of Rs. 4,00,000. The rate of interest is 12% p.a. What will be the amount of loan amortization? (CO1)	10
5. Answ	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
5-a.	Explain the components of systematic and unsystematic risk (CO2)	10
5-b.	The risk free rate is 8% and the expected return on the market portfolio is 14%. The beta of security A is 1.25%. Investors believe that the security will provide an expected return of 17%. Find out Alpha of security. (CO2)	10
6. Answ	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
6-a.	A company has 10% redeemable preference share which are redeemable at the end of 10thyear from the date of issue. The underwriting expenses are expected to 2%. Find out the effective cost of preference share capital (CO3)	10
6-b.	Discuss the determinants and comparison factors of capital budgeting techniques.(CO3)	10
7. Answ	er any one of the following:-	
7-a.	Discuss the internal and external sources of financing working capital requirements with example.(CO4)	10
7-b.	Calculate NPV of a project with life of 5 years and costing Rs. 1,00,000 at 10%. The cash inflows are 20,000; 25000; 30000; 40,000; 45,000 respectively for five years. (CO4)	10
8. Answ	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
8-a.	Explain the term: "Benefits of Inventory Management Applications & Inventory Categorization" in detail.(CO5)	10
8-b.	Find out the working capital requirement from the following information: (CO5)	10
	Production during the year 60,000 units	

Selling price Rs 5 per unit 60% Raw materials Wages 10% Overheads 20% Raw material storage period 2 months Work in process storage period 1 month Finished goods storage period 3 months Credit allowed by suppliers 2 months Credit allowed to customers 3 months Minimum cash balance required 20,000 Wages and overhead payment 1 month

